

IOM

INSTALLATION OPERATION
& MAINTENANCE

F150

1-1/2 INCH FDA

AIR-OPERATED DOUBLE-DIAPHRAGM PUMP



FDA

Ex

CE

PSG
a **DOVER** company

 **ALL-FLO**

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CAUTIONS — READ FIRST!

READ THESE WARNINGS AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OR OPERATION. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THESE INSTRUCTIONS COULD RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY AND OR PROPERTY DAMAGE. RETAIN THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

⚠ WARNING Pump, valves and all containers must be properly grounded prior to handling flammable fluids and/or whenever static electricity is a hazard.

⚠ WARNING Prior to servicing the pump, ensure that the air and fluid lines are closed and disconnected. While wearing personal protective equipment, flush, drain and process liquid from the pump in a safe manner.

⚠ WARNING The TX marking refers to the maximum surface temperature depending not on the equipment itself, but mainly on operating conditions. In this case, the maximum surface temperature depends upon the temperature of the process fluids.

⚠ WARNING For pump models with non-metallic manifolds, air valves, or chambers: When the relative humidity in the surrounding atmosphere is above 30%, the equipment must not be touched by personnel unless first wiped down with a damp cloth.

⚠ WARNING Maintenance must not be performed when a hazardous atmosphere is present.

⚠ WARNING Use only with liquid process fluid.

⚠ WARNING This equipment's ambient temperature range is 32°F (0°C) to 104°F (40°C)

⚠ WARNING Do not operate the pump with fluids or in temperatures which are less than 32°F (0°C)

⚠ CAUTION The temperature of the process fluid and air input must be no more than 36°F (20°C) less of the maximum temperature allowed for the appropriate non-metallic material. See the list of temperatures below for each material's maximum recommended temperature:

Buna-N (Nitrile):	10°F to 180°F (-12°C to 82°C)
Geolast®:	10°F to 180°F (-12°C to 82°C)
EPDM:	-40°F to 280°F (-40°C to 138°C)
Santoprene®:	-40°F to 225°F (-40°C to 107°C)
FKM:	-40°F to 350°F (-40°C to 177°C)
PTFE:	40°F to 220°F (4°C to 104°C)
Polyethylene:	32°F to 158°F (0°C to 70°C)
Polypropylene:	32°F to 180°F (0°C to 82°C)
PVDF:	0°F to 250°F (-18°C to 121°C)
Nylon:	0°F to 200°F (-18°C to 93°C)

Temperature limits are solely based upon mechanical stress and certain chemicals will reduce the maximum operating temperature. The allowable temperature range for the process fluid is determined by the materials in contact with the fluid being pumped. Consult a chemical resistance guide for chemical compatibility and a more precise safe temperature limit. Always use minimum air pressure when pumping at elevated temperatures.

⚠ WARNING = Hazards or unsafe practices which could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage

⚠ CAUTION = Hazards or unsafe practices which could result in minor personal injury, product or property damage.

⚠ CAUTION It is the end user's responsibility to maintain the process fluid's temperature during use.

⚠ CAUTION Do not connect a compressed air source to the exhaust port of the pump.

⚠ CAUTION Do not lubricate air supply.

⚠ CAUTION Do not exceed 120 psig (8.3 bar) air-inlet pressure.

⚠ CAUTION Do not exceed 10 psig (0.7 bar) or 23 ft-H₂O suction pressure.

⚠ CAUTION Ensure all wetted components are chemically compatible with the process fluid and the cleaning fluid.

⚠ CAUTION Ensure pump is thoroughly cleaned and flushed prior to installation into a process line.

⚠ CAUTION Always wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) when operating pump.

⚠ CAUTION Close and disconnect all compressed air and bleed all air from the pump prior to service. Remove all process fluid in a safe manner prior to service.

⚠ CAUTION Blow out all compressed air lines in order to remove any debris, prior to pump installation. Ensure that the muffler is properly installed prior to pump operation.

⚠ CAUTION Ensure air exhaust is piped to atmosphere prior to a submerged installation.

⚠ CAUTION Ensure all hardware is set to correct torque values prior to operation.

⚠ CAUTION The equipment must be inspected for visible damage prior to use.

⚠ WARNING This product can expose you to chemicals including Nickel, Chromium, Cadmium, or Cobalt, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

MODEL DESIGNATION MATRIX & REPAIR KITS

PRODUCT SERIES	SIZE				FLUID CONNECTION TYPE	AIR SECTION			LIQUID SECTION	DIAPHRAGM	VALVE / BALL	VALVE SEAT	O-RINGS	PORTING	SPECIAL (HARDWARE, MUFFLER, LUG)	SPECIAL (OTHER)
F	1	5	0		1	2	3			4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<div> <div>1 FLUID CONNECTION TYPE</div> <div>T = Tri-Clamp</div> </div> <div> <div>2 AIR SECTION</div> <div>A = Aluminum</div> <div>3 = Stainless Steel</div> </div> <div> <div>3 LIQUID SECTION</div> <div>E = Passivated 316 Stainless Steel</div> </div> <div> <div>4 DIAPHRAGMS</div> <div>H = Hytrel® (FDA)</div> <div>T = PTFE</div> <div>4 = Santoprene® (FDA)</div> </div> <div> <div>5 VALVE/BALL</div> <div>B = Buna-N (FDA) (Used with H diaphragm)</div> <div>S = Santoprene® (FDA)</div> <div>T = PTFE</div> </div> <div> <div>6 VALVE SEAT</div> <div>3 = Stainless Steel</div> </div> <div> <div>7 O-RINGS</div> <div>B = Buna-N (FDA) (Used with H diaphragm)</div> <div>M = EPDM (FDA) (Used with 4 diaphragm)</div> <div>T = PTFE</div> </div> <div> <div>8 PORTING</div> <div>S = Standard (Suction Right / Discharge Right)</div> <div>T = Suction Right / Discharge Left</div> <div>X = Suction Left / Discharge Right</div> <div>Y = Suction Left / Discharge Left</div> </div> <div> <div>9 SPECIAL OPTION (HARDWARE, MUFFLER, LUG)</div> <div>7 = Standard (Stainless Steel Hardware, Plastic Muffler)</div> <div>8 = Stainless Steel Hardware, Metal Muffler</div> <div>F = Stainless Steel Hardware, Plastic Muffler, Grounding Lug Installed</div> <div>G = Stainless Steel Hardware, Metal Muffler, Grounding Lug Installed</div> </div> <div> <div>10 SPECIAL OPTION (OTHER)</div> <div>0 = Standard</div> <div>1 = Cycle Counter Valve</div> <div>A = Grease Free (No lubrication assembly)</div> </div>																

WET END REPAIR KIT

Wet end kits are available and consist of 2 diaphragms, (back-up diaphragms if required), 4 balls, 4 seats, and 4 seat O-rings. See matrix below.

PRODUCT SERIES	WET END REPAIR KIT		PUMP SIZE			DIAPHRAGM	VALVE	VALVE SEAT	O-RINGS	METALLIC WET END
F	W	E	1	5	0	4	5	6	7	M

AIR END REPAIR KIT

Air end repair kit contains pilot sleeve assembly and main air valve.

PRODUCT SERIES	AIR END REPAIR KIT		PUMP SIZE			MATERIAL
F	A	K	1	5	0	2
<div>AIR SECTION</div> <div>A = Aluminum</div> <div>3 = Stainless Steel</div>						

STANDARD CONFIGURATION PUMP PART NUMBERS

F150-TAE-TT3T-S70

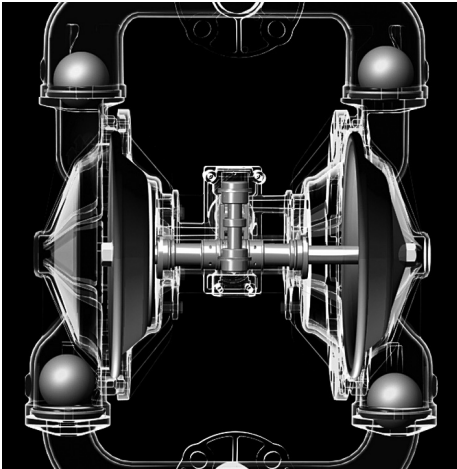
F150-TAE-HB3B-S70

F150-TAE-4S3M-S70

Bold indicates recommended options

PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

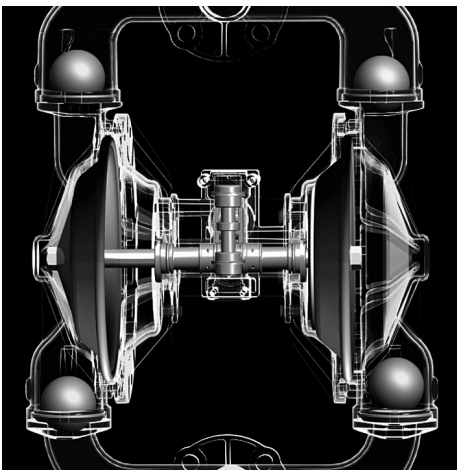
HOW AN AIR OPERATED DOUBLE DIAPHRAGM PUMP WORKS



The air-valve directs pressurized air behind the diaphragm on the right, causing the diaphragm on the right to move outward (to the right).

Since both the right diaphragm and the left diaphragm are connected via a diaphragm rod, when the right diaphragm moves to the right, the left diaphragm (through the action of the diaphragm rod) moves to the right also.

When the diaphragm on the left side is moving to the right, it is referred to as suction stroke. When the left diaphragm is in its suction stroke, the left suction ball moves upward (opens) and the left discharge ball moves downward (closes). This action creates suction and draws liquid into the left side chamber.



The air-valve directs pressurized air behind the left diaphragm, causing the left diaphragm to move outward (to the left).

Since both the left diaphragm and the right diaphragm are connected via a diaphragm rod, when the left diaphragm moves to the left, the right diaphragm (through the action of the diaphragm rod) moves to the left also.

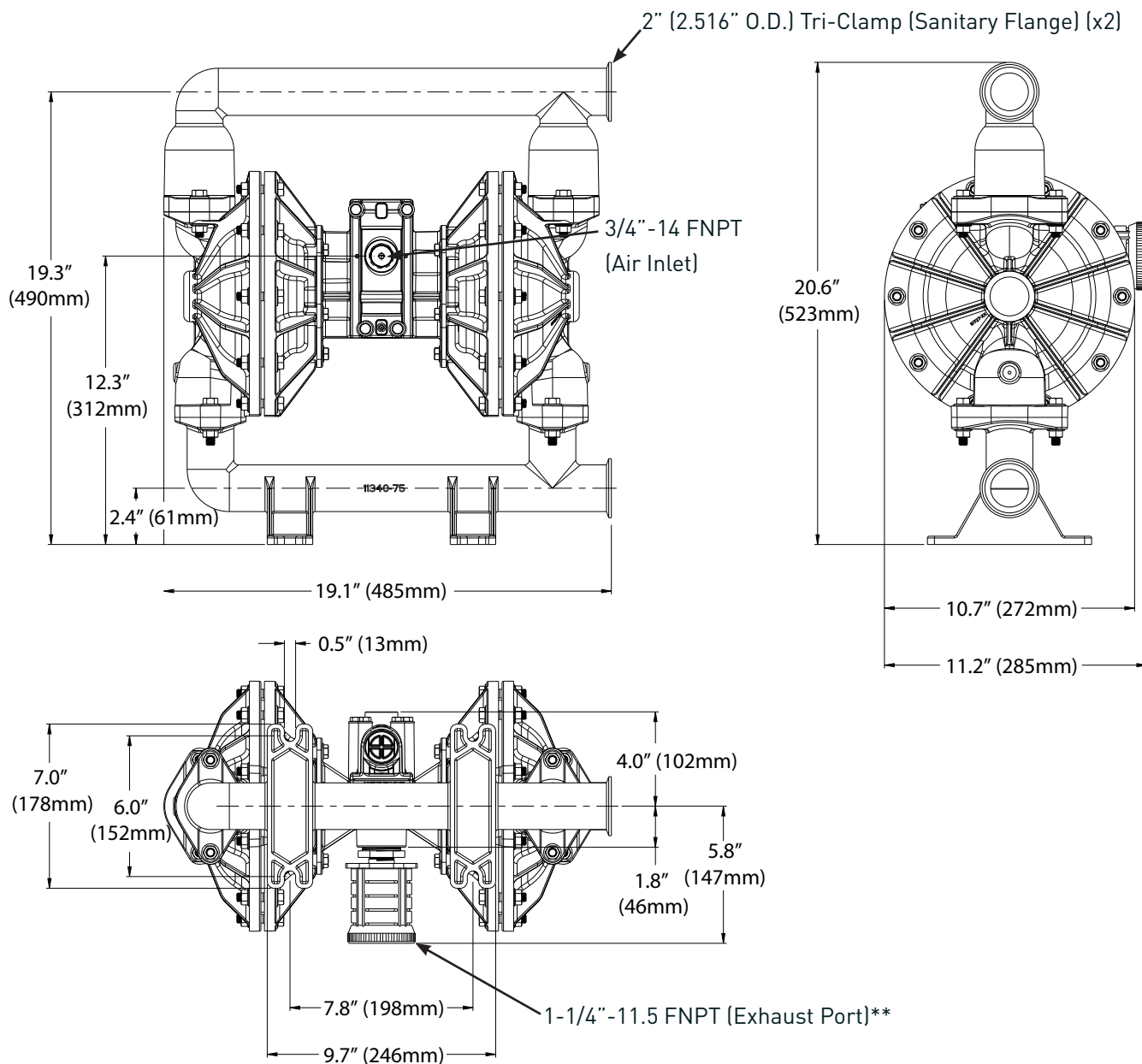
When the diaphragm on the left side moves outward, the left discharge ball moves upward (opens) and the left suction ball moves downward (closes). This causes the liquid to leave the left side liquid outlet of the pump.

Simultaneously, the right diaphragm moves inward (to the left), which causes the right suction ball to open and the right discharge to close, which in turn causes suction, drawing liquid into the right chamber.

The process of alternating right suction / left discharge (and vice-versa) continues as long as compressed air is supplied to the pump.

PUMP DIMENSIONS

F150 ELECTROPOLISHED AND PASSIVATED

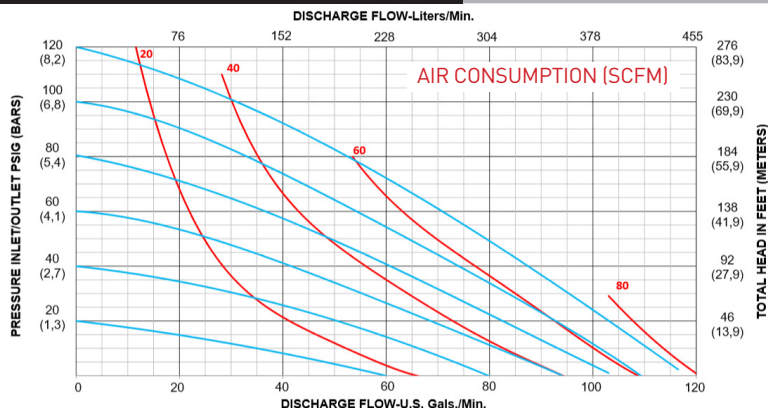


* Note - Suction / Discharge right are default ports. See part number matrix option code for additional porting options.

**Note: A reducer bushing is included with the standard muffler which reduces the port to 3/4"-14 FNPT.

PERFORMANCE CURVES

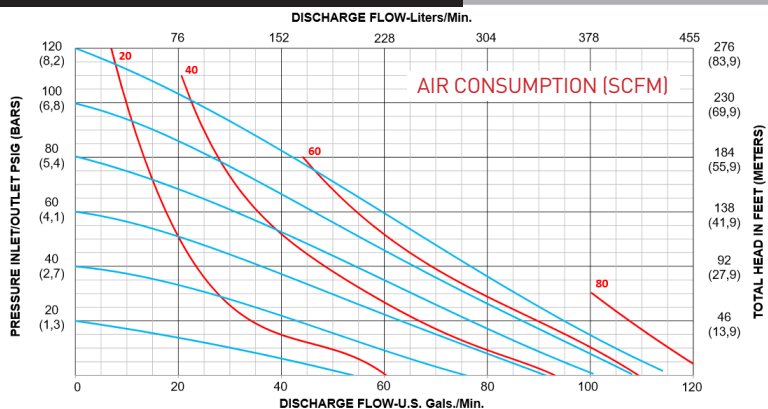
PERFORMANCE CURVE (1-1/2" TPE)*



Performance Specifications

Max. Flow:	115 gpm (435 lpm)
Max. Air Pressure:	120 psi (8.3 bar)
Max. Solids:	1/4" (6.4 mm)
Max. Suction Lift Dry:	22 ft-H ₂ O (6.7 m-H ₂ O)
Max. Suction Lift Wet:	31 ft-H ₂ O (9.4 m-H ₂ O)
Weight:	72 lbs (33 kg)
Air Inlet:	3/4" FNPT
Liquid Inlet:	2" (2.516" O.D.) Tri-Clamp
Liquid Outlet:	2" (2.516" O.D.) Tri-Clamp
Height:	20.6" (523 mm)
Width:	19.1" (485 mm)
Depth:	11.2" (284 mm)

PERFORMANCE CURVE (1-1/2" PTFE)*



Performance Specifications

Max. Flow:	115 gpm (435 lpm)
Max. Air Pressure:	120 psi (8.3 bar)
Max. Solids:	1/4" (6.4 mm)
Max. Suction Lift Dry:	18 ft-H ₂ O (5.5 m-H ₂ O)
Max. Suction Lift Wet:	31 ft-H ₂ O (9.4 m-H ₂ O)
Weight:	72 lbs (33 kg)
Air Inlet:	3/4" FNPT
Liquid Inlet:	2" (2.516" O.D.) Tri-Clamp
Liquid Outlet:	2" (2.516" O.D.) Tri-Clamp
Height:	20.6" (523 mm)
Width:	19.1" (485 mm)
Depth:	11.2" (284 mm)

*Flow rates indicated on all three charts shown were determined by pumping water at flooded suction.

For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.

INSTALLATION, TROUBLESHOOTING AND MAINTENANCE

INSTALLATION PIPING

Whenever possible ensure the pump is installed using the shortest possible pipe lengths with the minimum amount of pipe fittings. Ensure all piping is supported independent of the pump.

Suction and discharge piping should not be smaller than the connection size of the pump. When pumping liquids of high viscosity, larger piping may be used, in order to reduce frictional pipe loss.

Employ flexible hoses in order to eliminate the vibration caused by the pump. Mounting feet can also be used to reduce vibration effects.

All hoses should be reinforced, non-collapsible and be capable of high vacuum service. Ensure that all piping and hoses are chemically compatible with the process and cleaning fluid.

For processes where pulsation effects should be reduced, employ a pulsation dampener on the discharge side of the pump.

For self-priming applications, ensure all connections are airtight and the application is within the pumps dry-lift capability. Refer to product specifications for further details.

For flooded suction applications, install a gate valve on the suction piping in order to facilitate service.

For unattended flooded suction operation, it is recommended to pipe the exhaust air above the liquid source. In the event of a diaphragm failure this will reduce or eliminate the possibility of liquid discharging through the exhaust onto the ground.

LOCATION

Ensure that the pump is installed in an accessible location, in order to facilitate future service and maintenance.

AIR

Ensure that the air supply is sufficient for the volume of air required by the pump. Refer to product specifications for further details. For reliable operation, install a 5 micron air filter, air-valve and pressure regulator. Do not exceed the pumps maximum operating pressure of 120 psig.

REMOTE OPERATION

Utilize a three way solenoid valve for remote operation. This ensures that air between the solenoid and the pump is allowed to “bleed off,” ensuring reliable operation. Liquid transfer volume is estimated by multiplying displacement per stroke times the number of strokes per minute

NOISE

Correct installation of the muffler reduces sound levels. Refer to product specifications for further details.

SUBMERGED OPERATION

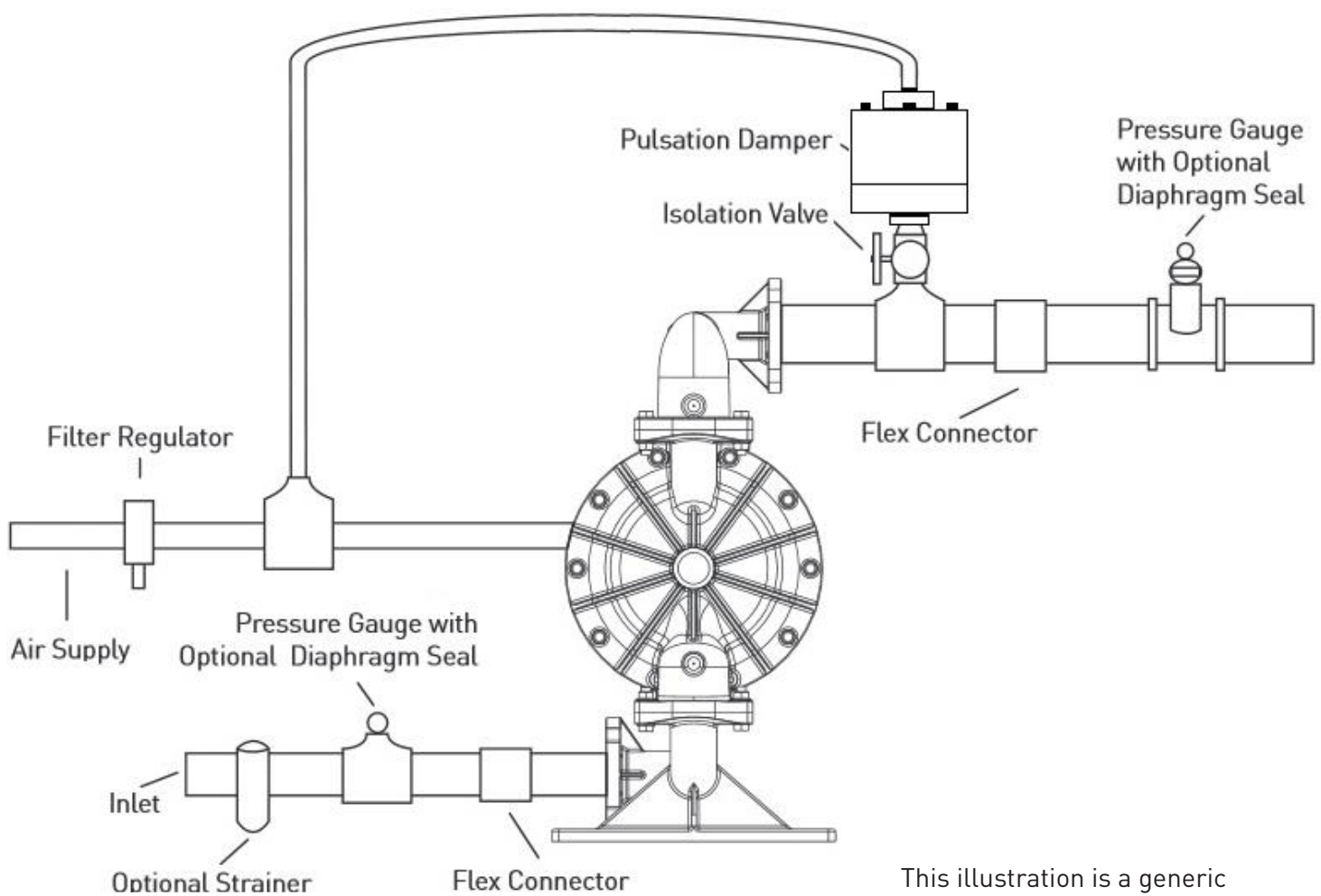
For submersible operation, pipe the air exhaust to atmosphere

GROUNDING THE PUMP

Loosen grounding screw and install a grounding wire. Tighten grounding screw. Wire size should be a 12 gauge wire or larger. Connect the other end of the wire to a true earth ground. Equipment must be grounded to achieve ATEX rating and it is recommended to configure the pump with a grounding lug option.



SUGGESTED INSTALLATION



This illustration is a generic representation of an air operated double-diaphragm pump.

TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM

EFFECT/SOLUTION

Pump Will Not Cycle

Discharge line closed or plugged
Discharge filter blocked
Check valve stuck
Air filter blocked
Air supply valve closed
Air supply hooked up to muffler side of pump
Compressor not producing air or turned off
Muffler iced or blinded
Diaphragm ruptured
Air line in plant air supply lines ruptured
Air valve wear/debris
Pilot sleeve wear/debris
Diaphragm rod broken
Diaphragm plate loose

Pumped Fluid Coming Out of Muffler

Diaphragm ruptured
Diaphragm plate loose
Inlet liquid pressure excessive (above 10 psig)

Pump Cycles but no Flow

Inlet strainer clogged
Suction valve closed
Suction line plugged
No liquid in the suction tank
Suction lift excessive
Debris stuck in valves
Excessive wear of check valves
Air leak on suction side with suction lift

Pump Cycles with Closed Discharge Valve

Debris stuck in check valve
Excessive wear of check valves

Pump Running Slowly/Not Steady

Air compressor undersized
Leak in air supply
Air-line, filter regulator or needle valve undersized
Muffler partially iced or blinded
Air valve gasket leak or misalignment
Air valve wear/debris
Pilot sleeve wear/debris
Liquid fluid filter blocked
Pump may be cavitating, reduce speed of operation
Suction strainer clogged

Pump Will Not Prime

Air leak in suction pipe
Air leak in pump manifold connections
Suction strainer and lines clogged
Excessive lift conditions
Check valve wear
Debris in check valve

OPERATION

The Air-Operated Double Diaphragm Pump requires a minimum of 20 psig of air to operate, with some variation according to diaphragm material. Increasing the air pressure results in a more rapid cycling of the pump and thus a higher liquid flow rate. In order to not exceed 120 psig of inlet air pressure, and for accurate control of the pump, it is suggested to use a pressure regulator on the air inlet.

An alternate means of controlling the flow-rate of the pump is to use an inlet air valve and partially open or close accordingly. When the air valve is completely in the closed position, the pump will cease to operate.

A third method of controlling the flow rate of the pump is to use a liquid discharge valve. Closing the liquid discharge valve will cause a decrease in the flow rate since the pump will operate against a higher discharge pressure.


Solenoid control of the inlet air may also be used in order to facilitate remote operation. A three way solenoid valve is recommended, in order to allow the air to “bleed off” between the solenoid and the pump.

Do not use valves for flow control on the suction side of the pump. (Closing or partially closing a liquid suction valve restrict the suction line and may cause damage to the diaphragms.) Suction strainers may be employed to reduce or eliminate larger solids, but routine maintenance is necessary in order to prevent a restriction on the suction.

MAINTENANCE

Due to the unique nature of each application, periodic inspection of the pump is the best method to determine a proper maintenance schedule. A record should be kept of all repairs made to an installed pump. This will serve as the best predictor of future maintenance.

Typical maintenance involves replacing of “wear-parts” such as the diaphragms, balls, valve seats and O-rings. Proper maintenance can ensure trouble-free operation of the pump. Refer to repair and assembly instructions for further details.

 **WARNING** Maintenance must not be performed when a hazardous atmosphere is present.

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

WEEKLY (OR DAILY)

Make a visual check of the pump. If pumped fluid is leaking out of the pump, pipe fittings or muffler turn off pump and schedule maintenance.

EVERY THREE MONTHS

Inspect fasteners and tighten any loose fasteners to recommended torque settings.

Schedule pump service based on pump’s service history.

REPAIR AND ASSEMBLY

PUMP WET END REMOVAL

TOOLS NEEDED

- 1) Two Wrenches, 9/16 Inch
- 2) Two Wrenches, 1 Inch
- 3) One Socket Wrench, 1-1/16 Inch
- 4) One Flat (Spanner) Wrench, 3/4 Inch (May Be Required)

⚠ WARNING Prior to servicing the pump, ensure that the air and fluid lines are closed and disconnected. While wearing personal protective equipment, flush, drain and process liquid from the pump in a safe manner.

⚠ WARNING Maintenance must not be performed when a hazardous atmosphere is present.



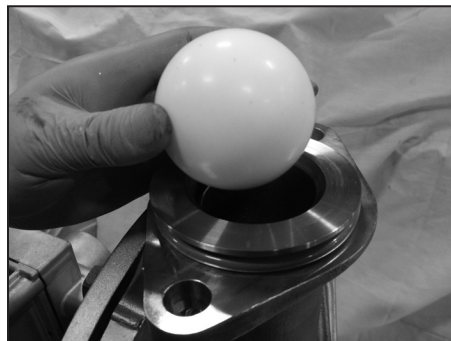
STEP 1

Using the 9/16 inch wrench remove four "Hex-Head Cap Screws (3/8"-16x1-3/4")", four "Flat and Lock Washers (3/8")" and four "Flanged Hex Nuts (3/8"-16)" from the "Discharge Manifold".



STEP 2

Remove the "Discharge Manifold".



STEP 3

Remove the "O-Ring", "Valve Seat" and "Ball" from the "Discharge Manifold".



STEP 4

Using the 9/16 inch wrench remove four "Hex-Head Cap Screws (3/8"-16x1-3/4")", four "Flat and Lock Washers (3/8")" and four "Flanged Hex Nuts (3/8"-16)" from the "Suction Manifold".



STEP 5

Remove the "Suction Manifold".



STEP 6

Remove the "O-Ring", "Valve Seat" and "Ball" from the "Suction Manifold".



STEP 7

In order to remove both "Outer Chambers" use two 9/16 inch wrenches. Remove ten "Hex-Head Cap Screws (3/8"-16x1-3/4")", ten "Flat & Lock Washers (3/8")" and ten "Flanged Hex Nut (3/8"-16)" from each "Outer Chamber". (Air ratchet may also be used as shown in image)



STEP 8

Remove both "Outer Chambers" from the "Intermediate."



STEP 9

Using two 1 inch wrenches, remove "Outer Diaphragm Plate", "Diaphragm", "Inner Diaphragm Plate" and "Nut" from one side of the pump.

Flat 3/4" wrench may be used on flat of diaphragm rod to assist in diaphragm removal.



STEP 10

Placing the 1 inch wrench on the "Outer Diaphragm Plate", and the 1 1/16 inch socket on the "Nut", remove the "Inner Diaphragm Plate".



STEP 11

Remove "Inner Diaphragm Plate" and "Outer Diaphragm Plate" from "Diaphragm."

PUMP WET END ASSEMBLY

To assemble the wet end of the pump, reverse the order of disassembly. Ensure all hardware is fastened in accordance with torque specifications (see page 17). Inverting one of the diaphragms during reassembly will facilitate ease of assembly.

REPAIR AND ASSEMBLY

AIR VALVE REMOVAL

TOOLS NEEDED

- 1) One Wrench, 7/16 Inch
- 2) One Pick, General Purpose
- 3) One Pair of Pliers

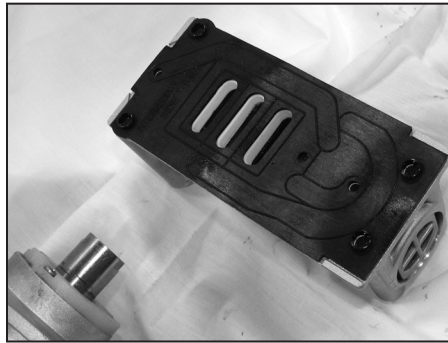
⚠ WARNING Prior to servicing the pump, ensure that the air and fluid lines are closed and disconnected. While wearing personal protective equipment, flush, drain and process liquid from the pump in a safe manner.

⚠ WARNING Maintenance must not be performed when a hazardous atmosphere is present.



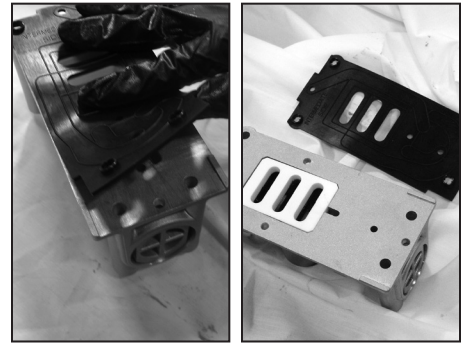
STEP 1

Using the 7/16 inch wrench, remove four "Hex Head Cap Screws (1/4"-20 x 3")", four "lock washers (1/4)" and four "flat washers (1/4)".



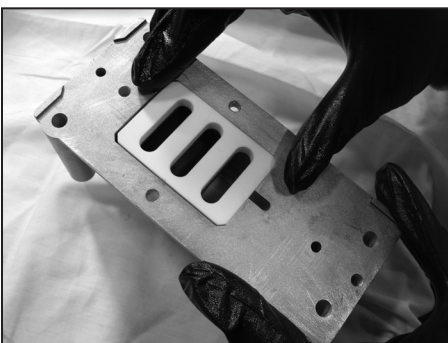
STEP 2

Remove the main "Air-Valve Assembly" from the pump.



STEP 3

Remove the "Air-Valve Gasket" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".



STEP 4

Remove the "Shuttle Plate" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".

Note: The smooth shiny side of the shuttle plate should be toward the shuttle car.



STEP 5

Remove the "Shuttle" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".



STEP 6

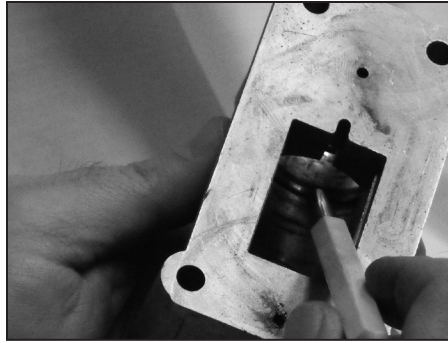
Using the pair of pliers, remove the "Air Valve End Plug" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".

Ensure the "O-Ring" is installed when reassembling.

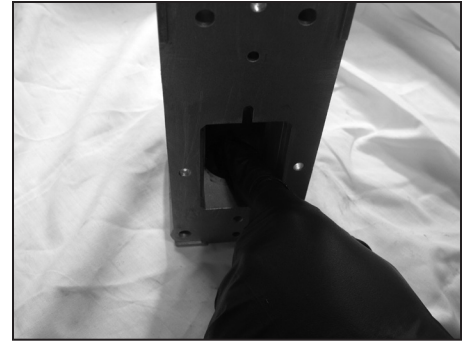
**STEP 7**

Remove the "Air Valve Spool" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".

Note: The longer piston is to be on the plug side.

**STEP 8**

Using the pick, remove the "Lip Seal (Air Valve)" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".

**STEP 9**

Using the pick, remove the second "Lip Seal (Air Valve)" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".

AIR VALVE ASSEMBLY

To assemble the air valve, reverse the order of disassembly. During assembly, ensure that the open side of the lip-seals are both facing each other inward. Install the shuttle plate with the smooth/shiny side toward the shuttle car. Lubrication of the air valve assembly, with a non-synthetic lubricant, is recommended. Magna-Lube or Magna-Plate are recommended for assembly lubrication (see detailed parts list for ordering information).

Note that if the lip-seals are installed incorrectly, they will be unable to rotate. Insert the spool, the spool's longer piston is to be on the plug side, ensure O-ring is installed, and then the air-valve end plug into position.

REPAIR AND ASSEMBLY

PILOT VALVE REMOVAL

TOOLS NEEDED

- 1) One Screwdriver, Phillips #2
- 2) Two Wrenches, 3/4 Inch

The chambers do not need to be removed for this procedure.

The graphics show the inner chambers removed for clarity.

⚠ WARNING Prior to servicing the pump, ensure that the air and fluid lines are closed and disconnected. While wearing personal protective equipment, flush, drain and process liquid from the pump in a safe manner.

⚠ WARNING Maintenance must not be performed when a hazardous atmosphere is present.



STEP 1

Using the screwdriver, remove three "Phillips Pan Head Mach Screw (#6-32-x 3/8)" in order to remove the "Retaining Plate". Repeat for both sides of the pump.



STEP 2

Remove the "diaphragm rod" and the "pilot sleeve assembly" from the "Intermediate".



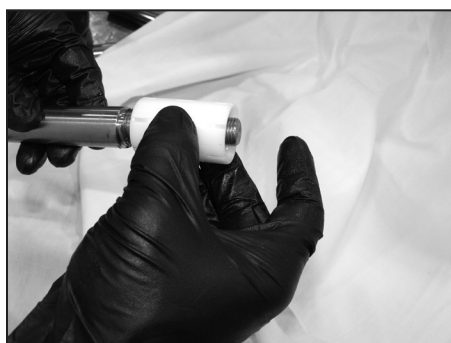
STEP 3

Remove the "lip seal" and "end spacer".



STEP 4

Remove "O-rings" and "inner spacer".



STEP 5

Remove "pilot sleeve" from diaphragm rod. The two piece rod must be disassembled to remove the "pilot sleeve". Use the 3/4 inch wrenches to separate the rod. Note they are installed with thread locker.

PILOT VALVE ASSEMBLY

To assemble the pilot valve, reverse the order of disassembly. Should process fluid have contact with the pilot valve O-rings, they should be replaced as swelling may occur and cause irregular operation. During assembly, ensure that the open side of the lip-seals are facing outward. Lubrication of the pilot sleeve assembly, with a non-synthetic lubricant, is recommended in order to facilitate re-assembly into the intermediate. Magna-Lube or Magna-Plate are recommended for assembly lubrication [see detailed parts list for ordering information].

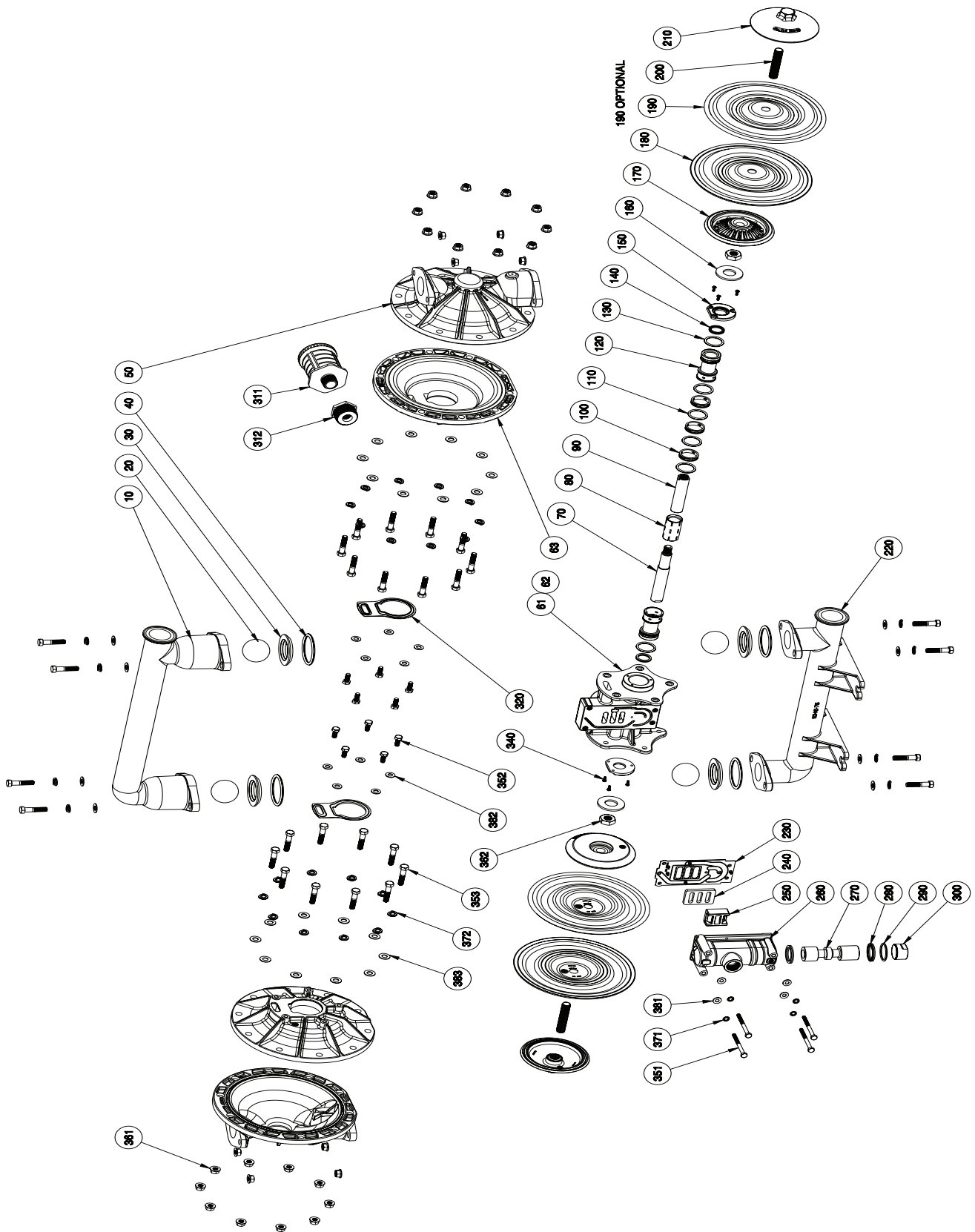
TORQUE SPECIFICATION CHART

RECOMMENDED TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

	1-1/2" Pumps	Wrench Size
Manifold Bolts	30 ft-lbs (40.7 N-m)	9/16"
Chamber Bolts	15 ft-lbs (20.3 N-m)	9/16"
Air Valve Bolts	40 in-lbs (4.5 N-m)	7/16"
Inner Diaphragm Plate Nut	50 ft-lbs (67.8 N-m)	1 - 1/16"
Intermediate Bolts	11 ft-lbs (14.9 N-m)	1/2"
Outer Diaphragm Plate	Hand tight then 1/8 to 1/4 turn more	

EXPLODED VIEW & PARTS LIST

F150-T*E-****_***



PARTS LIST - F150-T*E-****-***

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QTY	PUMP MODEL	PART NO.	MATERIAL
10	DISCHARGE MANIFOLD - (TRI-CLAMP)	1	All Models	11339-75	Stainless Steel
20	BALL	4	F150-T*E-*B**-*** F150-T*E-*S**-*** F150-T*E-*T**-***	11010-14 11010-23 11010-59	Buna-N (FDA) Santoprene® (FDA) PTFE
30	VALVE SEAT	4	F150-T*E-**3*-***	10930-26	Stainless Steel
40	O-RING (VALVE SEAT)	4	F150-T*E-***B-*** F150-T*E-***T-*** F150-T*E-***M-***	11952-14 11952-17 11952-81	Buna-N (FDA) PTFE EPDM (FDA)
50	OUTER CHAMBER	2	All Models	10727-75	Stainless Steel
61 & 62	INTERMEDIATE	1	F150-TAE-****-*** F150-T3E-****-***	11525-20 11525-26	Aluminum Stainless Steel
63	INNER CHAMBER	2	F150-TAE-****-*** F150-T3E-****-***	11806-20 11806-26	Aluminum Stainless Steel
70 & 90	DIAPHRAGM ROD ASSEMBLY	1	All Models	35004-00	Stainless Steel
80	VALVE SLEEVE	1	All Models	10107-31 Δ	Acetal
100	INNER SPACER (PILOT SLEEVE)	3	All Models	10205-40 Δ	Polypropylene
110	O-RING (PILOT SLEEVE SPACER)	4	All Models	11919-16 Δ	Urethane
120	END SPACER (PILOT SLEEVE)	2	All Models	10208-40 Δ	Polypropylene
130	O-RING (END SPACER)	2	All Models	11919-11 Δ	Nitrile
140	LIP SEAL (DIAPHRAGM ROD)	2	All Models	12002-76 Δ	Nitrile
150	RETAINING PLATE	2	All Models	12717-54	Nylon
160	BUMPER	2	All Models	12317-16	Urethane
170	INNER DIAPHRAGM PLATE	2	F150-TAE-****-*** F150-T3E-****-***	11114-20 11114-26	Aluminum Stainless Steel
180	DIAPHRAGM (BACKUP)	2	F150-T*E-H***-*** F150-T*E-4***-*** F150-T*E-T***-***(B-UP)	10615-18 10615-80 10615-80	Hytrel® (FDA) Santoprene® (FDA) Santoprene® (FDA)
190	OVERLAY (PTFE ONLY)	1	F150-T*E-T***-***	11410-59	PTFE
200&210	OUTER DIAPHRAGM PLATE W/ THREADED STUD	2	All Models	11221-73	Stainless Steel
220	SUCTION MANIFOLD - (TRI-CLAMP)	1	All Models	11340-75	Stainless Steel
230	AIR VALVE GASKET	1	All Models	12124-19 ‡	Nitrile
240	SHUTTLE PLATE	1	All Models	10450-77 ‡	Ceramic
250	SHUTTLE	1	All Models	10430-00 ‡	Special
260	AIR VALVE BODY	1	F150-TAE-****-*** F150-T3E-****-***	11618-20 ‡ 11618-26 ‡	Aluminum Stainless Steel
270	AIR VALVE SPOOL	1	All Models	10483-31 ‡	Acetal
280	LIP SEAL (AIR VALVE)	2	All Models	12003-76 ‡	Nitrile
290	O-RING (AIR VALVE END PLUG)	1	All Models	11913-11 ‡	Nitrile
300	AIR VALVE END PLUG	1	F150-TAE-****-*** F150-T3E-****-***	11706-20 ‡ 11706-26 ‡	Aluminum Stainless Steel
311&312	MUFFLER w/ BUSHING	1	All Models Optional	13013-00 13010-00	Polypropylene Metal
320	INNER CHAMBER GASKET	2	All Models	12123-19	Nitrile
330	N/A				
340	SCREW, SELF-LOCKING (#6-32 X 3/8")	6	All Models	12571-26	Stainless Steel

PARTS LIST - F150-T*E-****-***

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QTY	PUMP MODEL	PART NO.	MATERIAL
351	SCREW, HEX HEAD CAP (1/4"-20 X 3")	4	All Models	12516-26	Stainless Steel
352	SCREW, HEX HEAD CAP (5/16"-18 X 3/4")	10	All Models	12536-26	Stainless Steel
353	SCREW, HEX HEAD CAP (3/8"-16 X 1-3/4")	28	All Models	12581-26	Stainless Steel
361	NUT, FLANGE (3/8"-16)	28	All Models	12612-26	Stainless Steel
362	NUT (5/8"-11)	2	All Models	12579-25	Plated Steel
371	WASHER, LOCK (1/4")	4	All Models	12350-26	Stainless Steel
372	WASHER, SPLIT LOCK (3/8")	28	All Models	12316-26	Stainless Steel
381	WASHER, FLAT (1/4")	4	All Models	12300-26	Stainless Steel
382	WASHER, FLAT (5/16")	10	All Models	12310-26	Stainless Steel
383	WASHER, FLAT (3/8")	28	All Models	12303-26	Stainless Steel
390	N/A				
400	GROUND LUG (NOT SHOWN)	1	Optional	13481-20	Aluminum
	Magnalube® .75 oz. (As Required)		ALL MODELS	13404-00	Grease

* Any Character

‡, Δ Only sold as part of assembly

ASSEMBLY PART NUMBERS	PUMP MODEL	PART NO.	MATERIAL
‡ AIR VALVE ASSEMBLY	F150-TAE-****-***	FMK-150-A	Various
230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300	F150-T3E-****-***	FMK-150-3	Various
Δ PILOT VALVE ASSEMBLY	F150-TAE-****-***	FPK-150-A	Various
80, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140	F150-T3E-****-***	FPK-150-3	Various

ELASTOMERS

WETTED ELASTOMERS

BUNA-N (NITRILE)

is a general purpose elastomer used with water and many oils. Temperature range 10°F to 180°F (-12°C to 82°C).

GEOLAST®

is an injection molded thermoplastic material with characteristics similar to Nitrile. Has excellent abrasion resistance. Temperature range 10°F to 180°F (-12°C to 82°C).

EPDM

is a general purpose elastomer with good resistance to many acids and bases. Temperature range -40°F to 280°F (-40°C to 138°C).

SANTOPRENE®

is an injection molded material with characteristics similar to EPDM. Has excellent abrasion resistance. Temperature range -40°F to 225°F (-40°C to 107°C).

FKM

is an elastomer with good corrosion resistance to a wide variety of chemicals. Temperature range -40°F to 350°F (-40°C to 177°C).

PTFE (POLYTETRAFLUOROETHYLENE)

is a thermoplastic polymer that is inert to most chemicals. Temperature range 40°F to 220°F (4°C to 104°C).

Most of the above elastomers are available in FDA approved formulations.

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Santoprene® is a registered trademark of ExxonMobil Chemical Co.
Hytrel® is a registered trademark of DuPont Performance Elastomers L.L.C.
Magnalube® is a registered trademark of Carleton-Stuart Corp.



II 2 GD c TX

Warning: The TX marking refers to the maximum surface temperature depending not on the equipment itself, but mainly on operating conditions. In this case, the maximum surface temperature depends upon the temperature of the process fluids.

WARRANTY AND REGISTRATION

WARRANTY. All All-Flo products shall be covered by the standard All-Flo Limited Warranty in effect at the time of shipment. This warranty (which may be modified by All-Flo at any time) provides:

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All-Flo does not warrant any part or component that it does not manufacture, but will assign to the original end-user purchaser of any warranty received by it from the manufacturer, to extent such pass through is permitted by the manufacturer

REGISTRATION FORM

Pump Model _____ Pump Serial Number _____

Company Name _____

Name _____ Email _____

Phone # _____ City _____ State _____ Zip _____

Qty of Pumps _____ Fluid Pumping _____

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